Hospice Screening Tool



Patient Name:	Date:	\square Admitted	□ Not Admitted
Contact Name:	Contact Number:		
IDENTIFYING SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS M	AY INCLUDE:		
☐ Progressive status decline despite treatment	☐ Dependence in 2/more ADLs	\square Alterations in mental status	
\square Frequent hospitalization in past 6 months	\square Progressive or profound	\square Continued weight loss >10%	
\square Repeat/multiple infections: UTI, Pneumonia	weakness or fatigue	\square Decrease in PPS, FAST, MAC	
□ Changes in labs-Albumin, BNP, Na+, K+, Cr	☐ Shortness of breath/cough	☐ Other uncontrolled symptoms/pain	
	☐ Difficulty swallowing - N/V		

Check signs and symptoms above; circle specific indicators below that would apply per diagnosis and refer to Hospice Services for Evaluation. (Local Coverage Determinations from CGS Determining Terminal Status Worksheets)

HEART DISEASE

- 1. Optimally treated for heart disease, is not a surgical candidate or refuses these procedures
- 2. Stage IV NYHA-Ejection fraction of 20%
- 3. Chest pain at rest
- 4. History of cardiac arrest and/or resuscitation in any setting
- 5. History of unexplained syncope
- 6. Arrhythmias resistant to therapy

STROKE AND COMA

- 1. Severe obtundation or coma greater than 3 days duration
- 2. Dysphagia which prevents sufficient intake to sustain life and/or refusing artificial nutrition/hydration
- 3. Post stroke dementia
- 4. PPS <40%
- 5. See dementia criteria

ALZHEIMER'S/DEMENTIA

- 1. Stage 7 FAST scale
- 2. Unable to bathe, ambulate, dress or feed self
- 3. Speech limited to 6 intelligible words in the average day
- 4. Cannot sit up without assistance
- 5. Urinary and fecal incontinence
- 6. History of aspiration pneumonia, URI, septicemia, pressure ulcers, recurrent fever after antibiotics past 12 months
- 7. Unintentional wt loss of 10% in past 6 months
- 8. Dysphagia

RENAL DISEASE

- 1. Not receiving dialysis
- 2. Creatinine clearance <10cc/min(<15cc/min for diabetics)
- 3. Serum creatinine >8.0mg/dl (>6.0mg/dl for diabetics)
- 4. Clinical signs such as confusion, nausea, vomiting, itching
- 5. Hepatorenal syndrome
- 6. Intractable fluid overload

PULMONARY DISEASE

- 1. Shortness of breath at rest Poor response to bronchodilators - SaO2 < 88%
- 2. Increased ER visits and/or hospitalizations for pulmonary infections
- 3. Right heart failure
- 4. Progressive weight loss >10% prior 6 months
- 5. Resting pulse rate over 100/min.

AMYTROPHIC LATERAL SCLEROSIS (ALS)

- 1. Vital capacity is less than 30% of normal
- 2. Significant dyspnea at rest requiring O2
- 3. Critical nutrition impairment
- 4. Refusing artificial ventilation or feedings
- 5. Recurrent aspiration pneumonia, UTI, sepsis

LIVER DISEASE

- 1. PT>1.5. Serum albumin < 2.5
- 2. Ascites
- 3. Infections bacterial peritonitis, Hep B or C
- 4. Hepatorenal syndrome (cirrhosis and ascites, elevated renal functions, decreased urine output, urine sodium concentration of <10mcg/l)
- 5. Hepatic encephalopathy (decreased mental status, sleep disturbance, depression, emotionally labile, slurred speech, somnolence, tremors.)
- 6. Recurrent variceal bleeding
- 7. Progressive malnutrition muscle wasting, continued alcoholism.

CANCER

- 1. Final disease stage of cancer progressive metastases
- 2. Continued decline despite therapy
- 3. Not seeking aggressive treatment

HIV DISEASE

- 1. Each case evaluated upon viral load, CD4 count, adequate caloric intake, life threatening complications, etc.
- 2. Patient cannot be pursuing active curative therapy
- 3. PPS < 50%